Your Guide To Off-Campus Housing

Housing Fees and Expenses

- Application Fee
- Security Deposit
- Pet Deposit/Pet Rent
- Rent
- Utilities
- Furniture
- Renter’s Insurance
- Laundry
- Wifi/Cable
- Food
- Parking

Housing Features To Consider

- Location
- Commute Time
- Amenities
- Square Feet
- Roommate Compatibility
- Lease Details
- Safety
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DEFINITIONS

RENT - a tenant’s regular payment to a landlord for the use of property
LEASE - a contract by which a landlord conveys property to a tenant for a specified period
SECURITY DEPOSIT - sum of money a tenant agrees to pay a landlord before moving into a rental unit
SUBLEASE - a lease of a property by a lessee (tenant) to a sublessee (subtenant)
RENTER'S INSURANCE - property insurance that provides coverage for a tenant's personal property and liabilities

RENTING 101

Explore off-campus living options at: housing.sdsu.edu/off-campus

1. BUDGET
Consider your income, housing fees and expenses. Housing costs should not be more than 30% of your income.

2. FIND ROOMMATES
Be smart about choosing your roommates. All tenants should be financially equipped to pay rent and bills on time and prepared to stay for the duration of the lease.

3. TAKE A TOUR
Pictures can be deceiving. Be sure to visit prospective housing in person before signing a contract. Take this opportunity to ask the property manager questions such as:
• Are utilities included, if so, then which?
• Are pets allowed?
• Is subleasing allowed? This is needed if you’re planning to study abroad.
• What is the length of the lease?
• What are the penalties for breaking the lease?

4. APPLY
Once you’ve identified suitable options, begin the application process. You will need to submit the following with your application:
• Application fee
• Co-signer (typically a parent) or proof of income
• Rental history
• Social security number and date of birth (for criminal and credit checks)
• If your application is approved, you will need to provide the first month’s rent and security deposit (typically as much as rent or more).

5. MOVE-IN
Read and understand your lease. Be aware of all building policies and procedures including noise, guests and pets. Document any damages with the property manager in writing to avoid penalties. Consider a renter’s insurance policy to protect your belongings and the property from any damages.

6. MOVE-OUT
Provide a 30-day notice prior to your move-out date. If you are moving out before the leasing period ends, you will still be obligated to pay the remaining rental payments. Clean the space thoroughly to avoid penalties. The property manager will deduct from the security deposit to clean your space and repair any damages.